

# KEEPING IT WATERSHED FRIENDLY IN THE WINTER

## *5 tips for winter weather and clean water!*

When snow and ice melts, the salt goes with it, washing into our lakes, streams, wetlands, and groundwater. Once in the water, there is no way to remove the chloride, and at high concentrations, chloride can harm fish and plant life.

**Below are a few tips for keeping salt use down and waterways clean!**



WATERSHED COUNCIL

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1

**Shovel first.** The more snow and ice you remove manually, the less salt you will have to use and the more effective it can be. Then, break up ice with an ice scraper and decide if application of a de-icer or sand is even necessary to maintain traction.

2

**Slow down.** Drive for winter conditions, and be courteous to slow-moving plows. The slower they drive, the more salt will stay on the road where it's needed.

3

**Use sparingly.** More salt does not mean more melting. Use less than four pounds of salt per 1,000 square feet (an average parking space is about 150 square feet). One pound of salt is approximately a heaping 12-ounce coffee mug. And be patient: salt takes time to work. Applying more will lead to unnecessary contamination

4

**Sweep it up.** If extra salt or sand is visible on dry pavement, it is no longer doing any work and will be washed away. The excess can be swept up and reused for the next snow or disposed of in the trash.

5

**Wait for warm weather.** Most salts stop working efficiently when the temperature is below 15 degrees. You can use sand instead for traction in these frigid conditions.

**For more information on ways to help protect water quality in your watershed, contact the Clinton River Watershed Council at 248-601-0606 or [contact@crwc.org](mailto:contact@crwc.org).**